|  |  <br> Input: Standard Input Output: Standard Output |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

There is a grid of $n * m$ unit squares, which has $n+1$ horizontal lines, $m+1$ vertical lines and $(n+1)(m+1)$ intersection vertices. You can choose three distinct non-collinear vertices to form a triangle. For example, if $n=m=1$, there are 4 vertices, which can form 4 triangles.

How many of these triangles have area between $A$ and $B$ (inclusive)?

## Input

The first line contains the number of test cases $T(T<=25)$. Each test case contains four integer $n, m, A$, $B(1<=n, m<=200,0<=A<B<=n m)$.

## Output

For each test case, print the number of triangles whose area is between $A$ and $B$, inclusive.

## Sample Input

## Output for Sample Input

| 4 |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  | 6 |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |  | 27492 |
| 10 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 1737488 |  |
| 12 | 34 | 56 | 78 |  |  |

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