

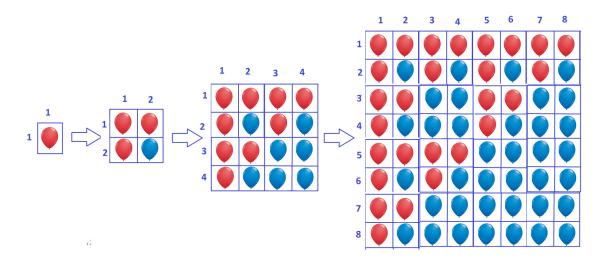
Erratic Expansion

Input: Standard Input
Output: Standard Output



Piotr found a magical box in heaven. Its magic power is that if you place any red balloon inside it then, after one hour, it will multiply to form 3 red and 1 blue colored balloons. Then in the next hour, each of the red balloons will multiply in the same fashion, but the blue one will multiply to form 4 blue balloons. This trend will continue indefinitely.

The arrangements of the balloons after the 0^{th} , 1^{st} , 2^{nd} and 3^{rd} hour are depicted in the following diagram.



As you can see, a red balloon in the cell (i, j) (that is i^{th} row and j^{th} column) will multiply to produce 3 red balloons in the cells (i*2 - 1, j*2 - 1), (i*2 - 1, j*2), (i*2, j*2 - 1) and a blue balloon in the cell (i*2, j*2). Whereas, a blue balloon in the cell (i, j) will multiply to produce 4 blue balloons in the cells (i*2 - 1, j*2 - 1), (i*2 - 1, j*2), (i*2, j*2 - 1) and (i*2, j*2). The grid size doubles (in both the direction) after every hour in order to accommodate the extra balloons.

In this problem, Piotr is only interested in the count of the red balloons; more specifically, he would like to know the total number of red balloons in all the rows from A to B after K^{th} hour.

Input

The first line of input is an integer T(T<1000) that indicates the number of test cases. Each case contains 3 integers K, K and K. The meanings of these variables are mentioned above. K will be in the range K, K and K and K and K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K and K are K and K are K and K are K and K are K are K and K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K and K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K and K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K and K are K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K are K and K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K and K are K and K are K and K are K are K are K and K are K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K are K and K are K are K are K are K are K and K are K are K and K are K are K are K are K and K are K are K are K are K and K are K are K and K are K are K are K are K and K are K and K are K and K are K are K are K are K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K and K are K are K and K are K and K are K are K and K are K are K and K are

Output

For each case, output the case number followed by the total number of red balloons in rows [A, B] after K^{th} hour.

Sample Input Output for Sample Input

3	Case 1: 1
0 1 1	Case 2: 27
3 1 8	Case 3: 14
3 3 7	

Problemsetter: Sohel Hafiz, Special Thanks: Md. Mahbubul Hasan