11822 Configurations

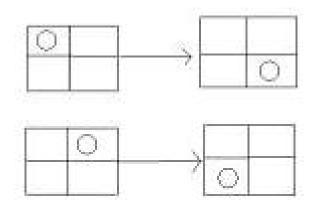
Well, in this problem you are given an $R \times C$ grid $(1 \le R \le 10^9 \text{ and } 1 \le C \le 10)$. There will be B blocks $(1 \le B \le 100)$ in the grid. Each block will be placed in a cell of the grid. There can be more than one blocks in a cell.

Now you are given M identical tokens and you can place them in the first row as you like. A cell cannot contain more than one token and you also cannot place a token in a cell occupied by blocks. Now you can move a token but you have to follow following rules:

- 1. If there is a token in a cell (r, c) then you can move it to either (r+1, c-1) or (r+1, c+1).
- 2. You cannot move a token to a cell occupied by blocks.
- 3. You cannot move a token outside of the grid.
- 4. You cannot move two or more tokens to the same cell.
- 5. All the tokens should be moved to i-th row before any token can be moved (i + 1)-th row.

Now let $S = \{(1, c_1), (1, c_2), \dots, (1, c_M)\}$ be the set of cells of where you placed M identical tokens and W(S) = number of ways you can move these tokens to last row. You have to find the sum of Wfor every possible S.

For R = 2, C = 2, M = 1 and B = 0 the answer is 2.



Input

First line contains number of test cases $1 \leq T \leq 500$. For each test case, the first line contains $1 \leq R \leq 10^9$, $1 \leq C \leq 10$ and $0 \leq M \leq C$ respectively. The second line contains $0 \leq B \leq 100$, followed by B lines and each of those B lines contains two integers r and c, $(1 \leq r \leq R \text{ and } 1 \leq c \leq C)$ indicating the cell position of each block.

Output

For each test cases you have to output the answer in a single line as shown in the sample output. As the answer can be very large you have to mod the output with 12345.

Sample Input

Sample Output

Case 1: 1 Case 2: 4973 Case 3: 3205