Consider a number maze represented as a two dimensional array of numbers comprehended between 0 and 9 , as exemplified below. The maze can be traversed following any orthogonal direction (i.e., north, south, east and west). Considering that each cell represents a cost, then finding the minimum cost to travel the maze from one entry point to an exit point may pose you a reasonable challenge.

Your task is to find the minimum cost value to go from the top-

| 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 3 | 4 | 9 | 9 |
| 1 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 3 |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 | left corner to the bottom-right corner of a given number maze of size $N \times M$ where $1 \leq N, M \leq 999$. Note that the solution for the given example is 24 .

## Input

The input file contains several mazes. The first input line contains a positive integer defining the number of mazes that follow. Each maze is defined by: one line with the number of rows, $N$; one line with the number of columns, $M$; and $N$ lines, one per each row of the maze, containing the maze numbers separated by spaces.

## Output

For each maze, output one line with the required minimum value.

## Sample Input

2
4
5
03129
73499
17553
23425
1
6
012345

## Sample Output

